## BALANCING EQUATION 4B

Fill in the missing numbers to balance the equations.


## BALANCING EQUATION 4B ANSWERS

Fill in the missing numbers to balance the equations.

1) $12 \div 3=10-\underline{6}$
2) $7+\underline{5}=24 \div 2$
3) $8 \times 5=17+23$
4) $20 \div 4=19-14$
5) $\underline{8}-6=18 \div 9$
6) $33+\underline{9}=6 \times 7$
7) $36 \div 4=13-4$
8) $30-\underline{24}=30 \div 5$
9) $8 \mathrm{x} \underline{6}=24 \mathrm{x} 2$
10) $19-16=21 \div \underline{7}$
11) $9-5=36 \div 9$
12) $24+27=100-49$
13) $28 \div 2=27-13$
14) $\underline{7} \times 7=70-21$
15) $14-\underline{6}=40 \div 5$
16) $28+32=10 \times 6$
17) $32 \div 4=16 \div 2$
18) $35 \div 7=\underline{8}-3$

Determine the value of the variable.

## Answers

1) $\mathrm{M}+43=38+46$
2) $58-\mathrm{M}=3 \times 9$
3) $16+30=W+12$
4) $\mathrm{Y}-26=5 \times 3$
3. 
4. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$
8. $\qquad$
5) $\mathrm{J} \times 2=10 \times 3$
6) $\mathrm{K}+4=17+42$
9. $\qquad$
10. $\qquad$
7) $4 \times 7=Y \times 2$
8) $76-\mathrm{P}=9 \times 8$
9) $48+11=91-\mathrm{N}$
10) $9 \times 6=23+M$

Determine the value of the variable.

## Answers

1) $\mathrm{M}+43=38+46$
2) $58-\mathrm{M}=3 \times 9$
3) $16+30=W+12$
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4. $\qquad$
5. 


6. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$
8. $\qquad$
6) $\mathrm{K}+4=17+42$
9. 32
10. $\qquad$
7) $4 \times 7=Y \times 2$
8) $76-\mathrm{P}=9 \times 8$
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10) $9 \times 6=23+M$

## Saskatchewan Common Mathematics Assessments Pre Assessment

Outcome: P6.2 I can show, draw, or explain the preservation of equality and check my answers.

1. Explain why this teeter-totter is balanced.

2. Given the equation, $3+7=10$, use (draw) counters on each side of the balance scale
to show the preservation of equality for addition by adding 2 counters to each side.

Level

Step 1: Apply the preservation of equality by using a different operation for each question. $(+,-, \times, \div)$
Step 2: Verify each of your answers to show whether or not equality was preserved.
a. $5 \mathrm{~b}=15$ (use addition + )
b. $\mathrm{t}=8$ (use division $\div$ )
c. $14=7 \mathrm{z}$ (use multiplication $\times$ )
d. $6=2 \mathrm{r}$ (use subtraction - )
4. Are these equations equal? Verify each equation and explain your reasoning.
a. $8=4 \mathrm{t}$

Level 3
b. $8+1=4 t+1$
c. $4(2)+1=2(2 t)+1$

## Teacher Section

## Teacher Notes:

Student answers may vary considerably.

## Answer Key:

| 忽 |  | OUO | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | 1 | It is balanced because the number on each side is the same even though some are circles and some are squares. |
| 2 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{P} 6.2 \\ \mathrm{a} \end{array}$ | 2 | Student representations may vary |
| 3 a | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { P6.2 } \\ \text { a, b } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3- \\ \text { step } \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ \text { step } \\ 2 \end{array}$ | Student answers will vary considerably. Step 1 is to apply preservation of equality, Step 2 is to check the answer. $\begin{aligned} & 5 b=15 \\ & b=15 / 5 \\ & b=3 \end{aligned}$ (addition) so, $5 b+3=15+3$ $5(3)+3=15+3$ $15+3=18$ $18=18$ |
| 3 b | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { P6.2 } \\ \text { a, b } \end{array}$ | 3 Step 1 4 4 step 2 | Student answers will vary considerably. Step 1 is to apply preservation of equality, Step 2 is to check the answer. $\mathrm{t}=8$ <br> (division) So, $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{t \div \mathbf { 2 } = \mathbf { 8 } \div \mathbf { 2 }} \\ & 8 \div 2=8 \div 2 \end{aligned}$ $4=4$ |
| 3 c | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { P6.2 } \\ \text { a, b } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ \text { step } \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ \text { step } \\ 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Student answers will vary considerably. Step 1 is to apply preservation of equality, Step 2 is to check the answer. $\begin{aligned} & 14=7 \mathrm{z} \\ & 2=\mathrm{z} \end{aligned}$ (multiplication) $14 \times 2=7 \mathrm{z} \times 2$ $28=7(2) \times 2$ $28=28$ |


| 3 d | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { P6.2 } \\ & \text { A, b } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \\ & \text { step } \\ & 1 \\ & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & \text { step } \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Student answers will vary considerably. Step 1 is to apply preservation of equality, Step 2 is to check the answer. $\begin{aligned} & 6=2 r \\ & 3=\mathrm{r} \end{aligned}$ (subtraction) $6-1=2 r-1$ $5=2(3)-1$ $5=5$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | P6.2 <br> b | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8=4 \mathrm{t} \\ & 2=\mathrm{t} \\ & \mathrm{So} \\ & 8=4(2) \\ & 8=8 \\ & \\ & 8+1=4 \mathrm{t}+1 \\ & 9=4 \mathrm{t}+1 \\ & 8=4 \mathrm{t} \\ & 2=\mathrm{t} \\ & \text { So } \\ & 9=4(2)+1 \\ & 9=9 \\ & \\ & 4(2)+1=2(2 \mathrm{t})+1 \\ & 8+1=4 \mathrm{t}+1 \\ & 9=4 \mathrm{t}+1 \\ & 8=4 \mathrm{t} \\ & 2=\mathrm{t} \\ & \text { So } \\ & 4(2)+1=2(2)(2)+1 \\ & 8+1=8+1 \\ & 9=9 \end{aligned}$ <br> No, the 3 equations are not equal. B and C are equal to 9 , but a is equal to 8 . As a result, not all are equal equations. |

